There are three major groups that are users of Greenland's natural resources. The first group are commercial fishermen and hunters, the second group is made up of anglers and hunters who supplement their income from regular or seasonal work and the third group for recreational use. Furthermore, there are a number of sheep and reindeer farmers in South Greenland. Greenland's population primarily consists of Greenlanders, or Kalaallit, with roughly 10% comprised of Danes and other Europeans.